

PROBLEM SET 6

INTRODUCTION TO MANIFOLDS

Note that this problem set will not be collected. Nevertheless, it is recommended that you work out all of these problems.

Problem 1. Prove that if N is a compact manifold, then a one-to-one immersion $f : N \rightarrow M$ is an embedding.

Problem 2. Let $(U, \phi) = (U, x^1, \dots, x^n)$ and $(V, \psi) = (V, y^1, \dots, y^n)$ be overlapping coordinate charts on a manifold N . They induce coordinate charts $(TU, \tilde{\phi})$ and $(TV, \tilde{\psi})$ on the tangent bundle TN , where $\tilde{\phi} = (x^1, \dots, x^n, a^1, \dots, a^n)$ and $\tilde{\psi} = (y^1, \dots, y^n, b^1, \dots, b^n)$.

- (1) Compute the Jacobian matrix $J(\tilde{\psi} \circ \tilde{\phi}^{-1})|_{\tilde{\phi}(v_p)}$ of the transition function $\tilde{\psi} \circ \tilde{\phi}^{-1}$ at a point $\tilde{\phi}(v_p)$, where v_p is some point in TN .
- (2) Show that

$$\det J(\tilde{\psi} \circ \tilde{\phi}^{-1})|_{\tilde{\phi}(v_p)} = (\det J(\psi \circ \phi^{-1})|_{\phi(p)})^2.$$

Problem 3. (a) Let X be the vector field $x \frac{d}{dx}$ on \mathbb{R} . For each $p \in \mathbb{R}$, find the maximal integral curve $c(t)$ of X with $c(0) = p$.

(b) Let X be the vector field $x^2 \frac{d}{dx}$ on \mathbb{R} . For each $p \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$, find the maximal integral curve $c(t)$ of X with $c(0) = p$.

Problem 4. Consider two smooth vector fields X, Y on \mathbb{R}^n :

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^n a^i \frac{\partial}{\partial x^i}, \quad Y = \sum_{i=1}^n b^i \frac{\partial}{\partial x^i},$$

where a^i, b^i are smooth functions on \mathbb{R}^n . Since $[X, Y]$ is also a smooth vector field on \mathbb{R}^n ,

$$[X, Y] = \sum_{k=1}^n c^k \frac{\partial}{\partial x^k}$$

for some smooth functions c^k on \mathbb{R}^n . Find a formula for c^k in terms of a^i and b^i .

Problem 5. Let $F : N \rightarrow M$ be a smooth diffeomorphism manifolds. Prove that if X and Y are smooth vector fields on N , then

$$F_*[X, Y] = [F_*X, F_*Y].$$